New York City Technical College <u>Computer Engineering Technology</u> EM 711 - Spring 2002



AUTOMATIC PLANT WATERING SYSTEM

By Jacek Taper & Sergey Stankevich

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Product Description	Portable with adjustable frequency and amount of water delivered, low water level indicator
Key Business Goals Primary Market	 Fit all kinds of home plants Capture 60% of home gardening sales in primary market Serve as primary product in the home gardening industry Environmental friendly First product introduction 4th Q 2002 Houseplants
Secondary Market	Offices Small garden stores
Assumptions and Constrains	New product platform Digital technology
Stakeholders	Purchases and users Manufacturing operations Service operations Distributors and resellers

Customer data template.

Costumer: Julie Calabia Interviewer(s): Jacek Taper
Address: 56-13 Metropolitan Ave Date: April 11, 2002

Maspeth NY, 11378
Telephone: 718-8947129 Currently uses: None

Willing to do follow-up? Yes Type of user: Travel agent

Question/Prompt	Customer Statement	Interpreted Need		
Typical Use Typical Use	I need to water my plants.	WPD waters plants automatically		
	I travel a lot; have to leave plants at home.	It needs to have enough water for a long period of time.		
Likes- Current tool	Simple and easy to use. Works quietly.			
Dislikes-Current tool	I don't like the way it looks. It's too complicated. It's hard to use it.	WPD is small and green. WPD is simple to setup and easy to use.		
	I don't know how much water is left in the container.	It uses LED to indicate low water level.		
Suggested improvements	Would be nice if it could water more than just one flower at a time.	WPD allows you to connect up to 3 plant pots for watering		
	A device that allows to water according to the cording to the soil moisture.	WPD can measure the mois- ture and keep it constant.		

Hierarchical list of primary and secondary customer needs for automatic watering plant device. The WPD provides enough water to water a mid-size plant. * The WPD has a container large enough to last for a week.

- ***The WPD is more accurate and precise than doing it manually.
- ** Customer can use any pot.

The WPD is easy to set up.

- The WPD is easy to turn on.
- ** The WPD easy to operate.
- ***The WPD stays online all the time.

The WPD's power is convenient.

- The WPD can use AC or/and DC power.
- ** The WPD indicates when a battery is low.

The WPD lasts long time.

- A battery should provide enough power to run the WPD and last at least one month
- ** The WPD does not contain any fragile parts that may break.

WPD is easy to set up and use.

- * The WPD is easy to turn on.
- ** Customer can easily adjust the amount of water delivered
- *** The WPD indicates low water level.

The WPD is easy to store.

- The WPD is light and small.
- ** The WPD resists corrosion when left outside or in a damp place.
- ** The WPD can be dropped from a ladder without a damage.

The WPD prevents damage to the plants.

- ** The WPD prevents water overdose.
- The WPD indicates low water level

The WPD has a pleasant sound when in use.

The WPD looks like a professional quality device.

The WPD is safe.

***The WPD does not destroy user's plants.

Automatic Plant Watering System Survey

For each of the following plant watering system features, please indicate on a scale of 1 to 5 how important the feature is to you.

Please use the following scale:

- Undesirable. I would not consider product with this feature.
- 2. Not important. I would not mind having it.
- 3. Would be nice to have
- 4. Highly desirable. I would consider product without it.
- 5. Critical. I would not consider product without this feature.

The plant watering	g system is supplying water up to three flowers at the same time.
The plant watering	g system is plugged into electrical outlet instead of batteries.
The plant watering	g system indicates low water level.
The plant watering	g system is quiet when in use.
The plant watering	system allows you to adjust the amount of water delivered to the flower
The plant watering	system allows you to adjust the time how often the flower is watered.

$\sqrt{}$

Needs-Metrics Matrix

		-	2	3	4	'n	9	7	00	6	10	11
	Needs	Bending Strength	UV test duration to degrade rubber parts	Special tools required for maintenance	Time for disassemble/assemble for maintenance	Time in spray chamber without water entry	Total mass	Plants requiring lots of water	Plants requiring almost no water	Dosage	Manufacturing costs	Time to assemble to a plant
1	Lasts a long time											
2	Safe in use											
3	Can be maintained with readily available tools			•								
4	Allows easy replacement of worn parts			•								
5	Can be easily accessed for maintenance				•							
6	It is not contaminated by water					•						
7	Light weight						٠					
8	8 Fits a wide variety of household plants							•				
9 Can deliver desired amount of water										•		
10 Affordable for household											•	
11	Easy to set up and use											•

$\sqrt{}$

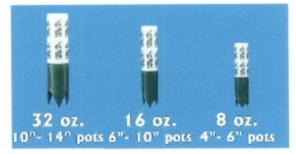
Competitive Benchmarking

No.	Needs	Imp	Rain Maid	Plant- sitter	E- garden	Drip mist
1	Lasts a long time	5			••	•••
2	Safe in use	5				
3	Can be maintained with readily available tools	1	****			•••
4	Allows easy replacement of worn parts	1				•••
5	Can be easily accessed for maintenance	1	***			••••
6	It is not contaminated by water	5	• • • • •	•••		
7	Light weight	3	••••			
8	Fits a wide variety of household plants	4				
9	Can deliver desired amount of water	5		••••		
10	Affordable for household	5		•		
11	Easy to set up and use	1				***

Competitive Benchmarking









Automatic Plant Sitter



Drip Mist







E-Garden



US006185866B1

(12) United States Patent

Enfaradi

(10) Patent No.: (45) Date of Patent: US 6,185,866 B1

Feb. 13, 2001

(54) PLANT WATERER APPARATUS

(76) Inventor: Abbas Enfaradi, P.O. Box 18927, Altanta, GA (US) 31126

(*) Notice: Under 35 U.S.C. 154(b), the term of this

patent shall be extended for 0 days.

A01G 25/00

(21)	Appl.	No.:	09/066,795
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(22)	Filed:	Apr. 27, 1998
(51)	Int. Cl.7	

(52) U.S. Cl. 47/79; 47/48.5 (58) Field of Search 47/79, 48.5

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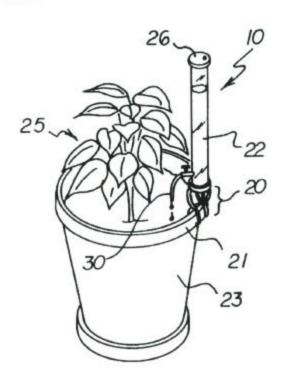
^{*} cited by examiner

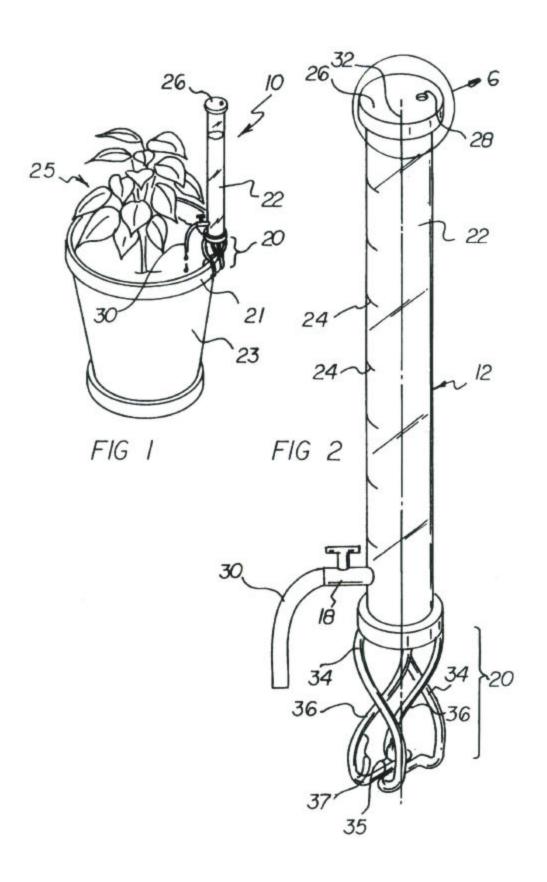
Primary Examiner—Michael J. Carone Assistant Examiner—Joanne C. Downs

(57) ABSTRACT

A plant waterer apparatus includes a water container which includes a top container portion and a bottom container portion. A valve assembly is connected to the bottom container portion and is in communication with an interior of the water container. A clamp assembly is connected to the bottom container portion and is used for clamping the apparatus onto a rim of a pot which contains a plant. The water container includes a transparent container wall, and the transparent container wall includes indicia of volume. A container cap is attached to the top container portion, and the container cap includes an access channel. A drip hose is connected to the valve assembly. The water container and the clamp assembly are located symmetrically around a longitudinal axis. The clamp assembly includes a first clamping member and a second clamping member connected to the bottom container portion. The first clamping member includes a first clamp offset region which extends away from the longitudinal axis, and the second clamping member includes a second clamp offset region which extends away from the longitudinal axis and away from the first clamp offset region. When the clamp assembly is clamped onto a pot, the rim is clamped between the first clamp offset region and the second clamp offset region. The first clamping member and the second clamping member are made from spring wire. The valve assembly includes an externally operated valve handle and an internally controlled ball valve.

10 Claims, 3 Drawing Sheets









US00D333763S

United States Patent [19] Patent Number: Des. 333,763 Collins

Date of Patent: ** Mar. 9, 1993 [45]

[54]	PLANT W	ATERER
[76]	Inventor:	Rita Collins, 2462 N. Nye #131, Fremont, Nebr. 68025
[**]	Term:	14 Years
[21]	Appl. No.:	654,555
[52]	U.S. Cl Field of Ser	Feb. 12, 1991 D8/1; D23/200 arch

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			Biancardi .	
	4,760,666	8/1988	Han	47/79
	4,866,880	9/1989	Weinblatt	47/79
n .	- r			

Primary Examiner-Wallace R. Burke Assistant Examiner-M. H. Tung

Attorney, Agent, or Firm-Terry M. Gernstein

CLAIM

The ornamental design for plant waterer, as shown and described.

DESCRIPTION

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of a plant waterer showing my new design;

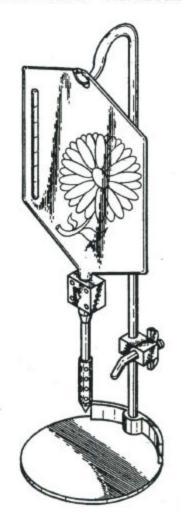
FIG. 2 is a front elevational view thereof;

FIG. 3 is a rear elevational view thereof;

FIG. 4 is a side elevational view thereof, the opposite side being a mirror image;

FIG. 5 is a top plan view thereof; and,

FIG. 6 is a bottom plan view thereof.



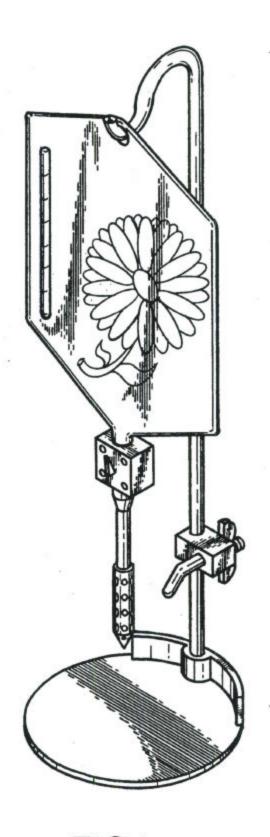


FIG 1

United States Patent [19]

Raczkowski

[11] Patent Number:

4,843,758

[45] Date of Patent:

Jul. 4, 1989

[54] REGULATED AUTOMATIC PLANT WATERER

[76]	Inventor:	Raczkowski, Ill. 60631	6240	N.	Naper,

[21] Appl. No.: 123,71	Ap	pl. No	.: 12	3,71
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[22]	Filed:	Nov. 23,	198
dente	A MCC.	1101, 20,	4.7

A01G 27/00
47/48.5; 47/79;
47/80

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5 X
1 X
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5 X
5 X

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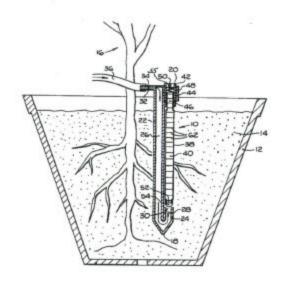
1212409	3/1960	France	47/48.5
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568513	10/1975	Switzerland	47/48.5

Primary Examiner—Robert A. Hafer Assistant Examiner—Kevin G. Rooney Attorney, Agent, or Firm—Paul H. Gallagher

[57] ABSTRACT

A spike shaped for driving into the soil, has a vertical tube having an upturned lower portion terminating in an upwardly port. The spike has an element for connection with a water supply. It has a closer mounted at the top and its lower end adjacent the port, and restricting the port upon expanding caused by the moisture in the soil. The closer is made of wood cut across the grain in a tree limb. In a modified form, water is supplied by a jar mounted on the pot in which the plant is located. A plurality of devices may be used for a plurality of plants, supplied with water from branches of a common water line, and the device responding and controlling individually.

3 Claims, 1 Drawing Sheet

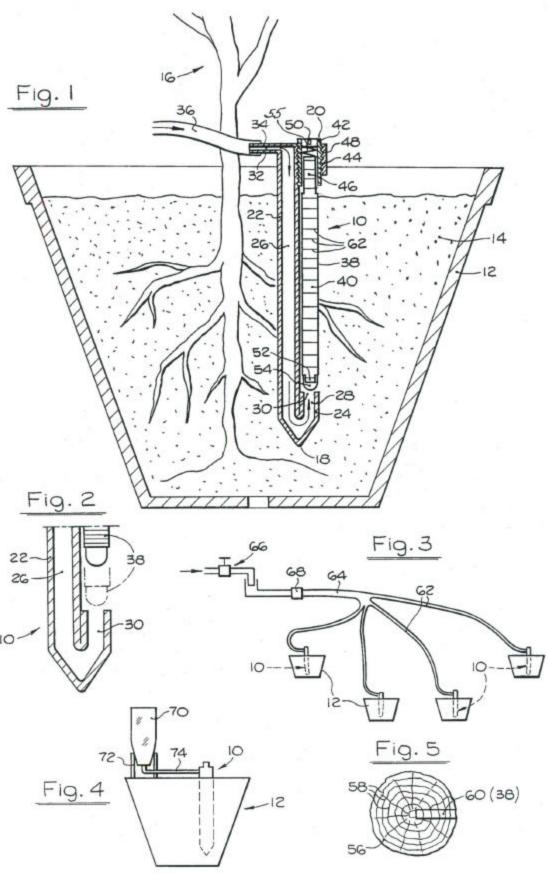














United States Patent [19]

McDougall

[11] Patent Number:

US005279071A

5,279,071

[45] Date of Patent:

Jan. 18, 1994

[54]	AUTOMATIC	TREE	AND/OR	PLANT
	WATERER			

[76] Inventor: Dale McDougall, R.R. #1, Sackville, New Brunswick, Canada, E0A 3C0

[21] Appl. No.: 753,042

[22] Filed: Aug. 30, 1991

[51]	Int. Cl.5		A47	G 7/02
[52]	U.S. Cl.		47/40.5;	200
				47/82
fe01	Dield of	Carab	47/40 5	70 92

[58] Field of Search 47/40.5, 79, 82

[56] References Cited

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Primary Examiner—Carl D. Friedman Assistant Examiner—Wynn Wood Attorney, Agent, or Firm—Martin J. Marcus

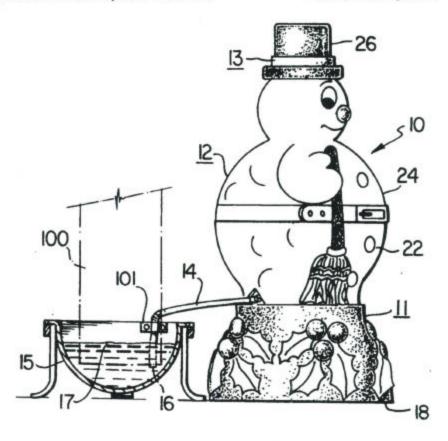
[57]

ABSTRACT

A novel automatic tree waterer is provided herein. It is

adapted to be connected to a stand which holds a tree, e.g. a Christmas tree, in an upright position. The waterer includes a hollow support base and a hollow twopiece body section. The lower body section is assembled to the support base by means of a slide coupled lip/coupling support lip to be airtight and watertight. The upper body section is assembled to the lower body section by means of male/female threads to be airtight and watertight. The upper body includes a male threaded upper neck. A hat including an inner well with interlock threads is assembled to the upper body by means of the male/female threads to be airtight and watertight. A water outlet is provided from the interior of the body section. A flow controller unit is connected to the water outlet to close the water outlet to enable filling the interior of the hollow two-piece section with water. A hose is adapted to be connected between the flow controller and the stand which holds the tree. Once the flow of water is commenced, a cyclic automatic flow of water ensues. The water will not flow unless air is allowed to enter through the tube. Thus, when the end of the tube is submerged in water, no water can flow.

6 Claims, 3 Drawing Sheets

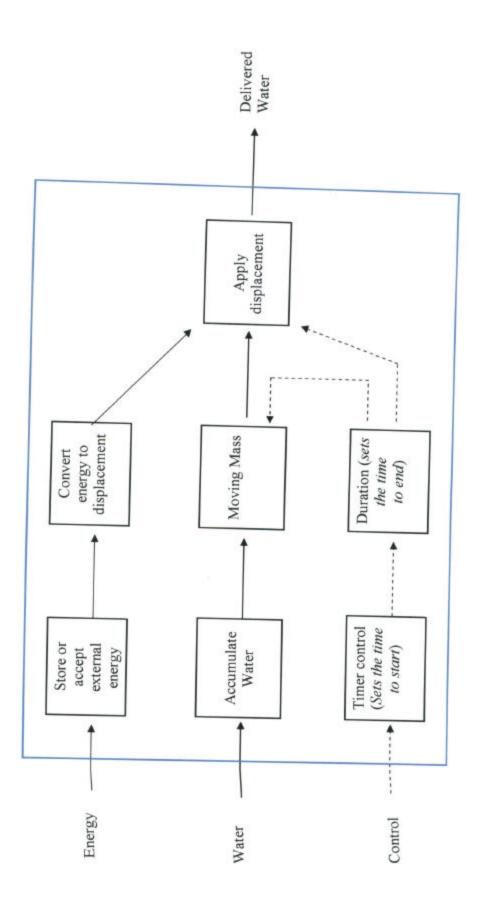


Target Specification

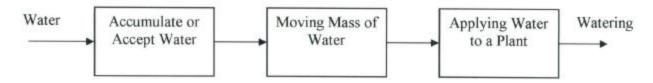
Metric No.	Need No.	Metric	Imp.	Units	Marginal Value	Ideal Value
1	1,2	Bending Strength	5	KN	>5	>8
2	1	UV test duration to degrade rubber parts	5	Hours	>250	>450
3	3	Special tools required for maintenance	1	List	Hex	Hex
4	4,5	Time for disassemble/assemble for maintenance	1	s	>400	>160
5	6	Time in spray chamber without water entry	5	s	Infinity	Infinity
6	7	Total mass	3	kg	>1.5	>.5
7	8	Plants require lots of water	4	L	>1.5	>3
8	8	Plants requiring almost no water	4	L	>1.5	>3
9	9	Dosage	5	Days	.5 to 7	.3 to 31
10	10	Manufacturing costs	5	US\$	<30	<20
11	11	Time to assemble to a plant	1	s	>60	>60



)



Problem Decomposition and Concept Combination Table



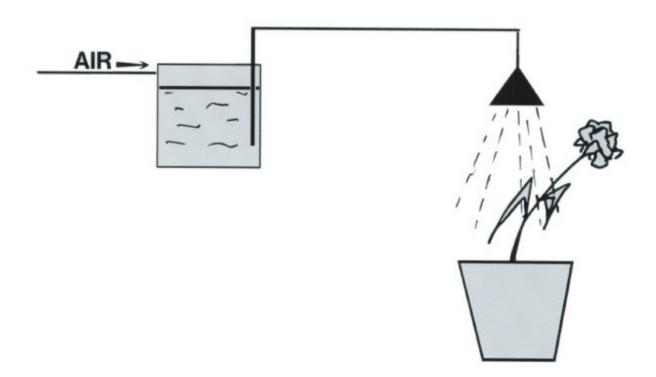
Problem decomposition assuming water source and the accumulation of water in the mechanical domain.

Accumulate or Accept Water	Moving Mass of Water	Applying Water to a Plant
Store water in a container	Pump	Single release
Accept from the kitchen's top	Water Pressure	Dripping
Collect the rain	Air pressure	Spraying
		Sprinkling

Concept Combination Table

Concept A: Air Pressure

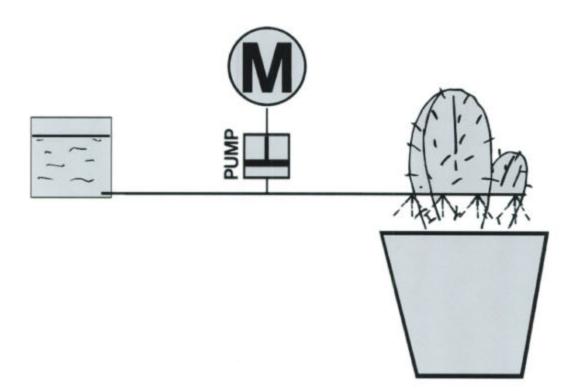
Accumulate or Accept Water	Moving Mass of Water	Applying Water to a Plant
Store water in a container	Pump	Single release
Accept from the kitchen's top	Water Pressure	Dripping
Collect the rain	Air pressure	Spraying
		Sprinkling





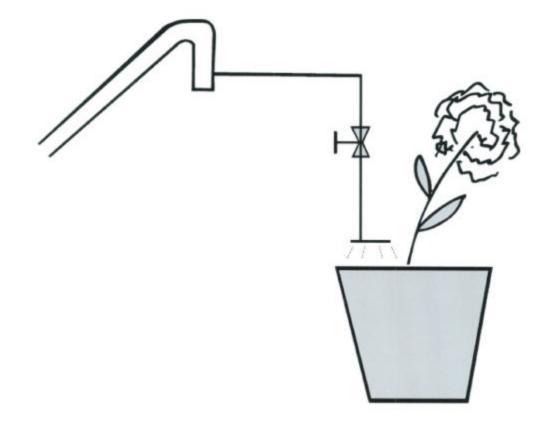
Concept B: Water Pump

Accumulate or Accept Water	Moving Mass of Water	Applying Water to a Plant
Store water in a container	Pump	Single release
Accept from the kitchen's top	Water Pressure	Dripping
Collect the rain	Air pressure	Spraying
		Sprinkling



Concept C: Water pressure (kitchen top)

Accumulate or Accept Water	Moving Mass of Water	Applying Water to a Plant
Store water in a container	Pump	Single release
Accept from the kitchen's top		Dripping
Collect the rain	Air pressure	Spraying
		Sprinkling

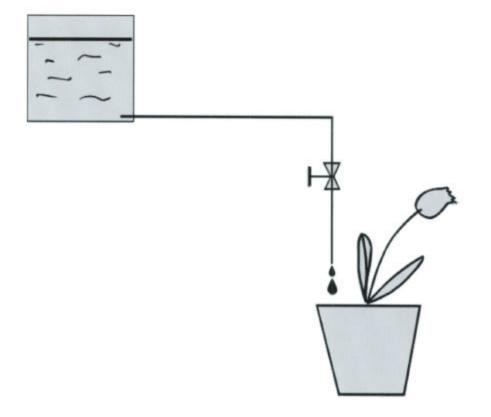






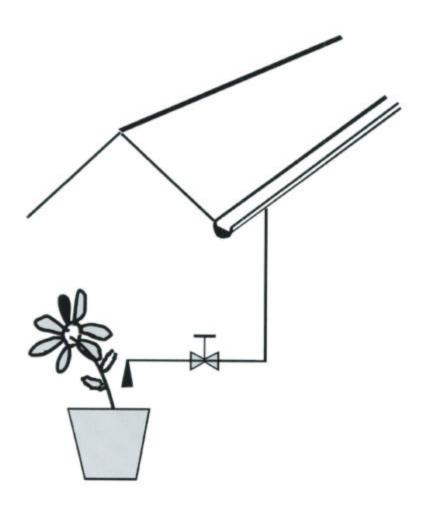
Concept D: Water pressure (gravity)

Accumulate or Accept Water	Moving Mass of Water	Applying Water to a Plant
Store water in a container	Pump	Single release
Accept from the kitchen's top	Water Pressure —	Dripping
Collect the rain	Air pressure	Spraying
		Sprinkling



Concept E: Water pressure (collect the rain)

Accumulate or Accept Water	Moving Mass of Water	Applying Water to a Plant
Store water in a container	Pump	Single release
Accept from the kitchen's top	Water Pressure	Dripping
Collect the rain	Air pressure	Spraying
		Sprinkling



Concept Screening

	Concepts					
	A	В	С	D	Е	
Selection Criteria	Air Pressure	Water Pump	Water Pressure (Kitchen top)	Water Pressure (gravity)	Water Pressure (collect the rain)	
Ease of handling	+	+	+	-	-	
Ease of use	+	+		-	0	
Readability of setting	-	+		+	0	
Dose metering accuracy	0	+	+	0	Ĭ	
Durability	0	0	-	+	į į	
Ease of manufacture	0	0	+	+	12	
Portability	+	+	-	-	-	
Sum +'s	3 3	5	3	3	0	
Sum 0's	3	5 2 0	0	1	523	
Sum -'s	1	0	4	3	2 5	
Net Score	2	5	-1	0	-5	
Rank	2 2	1	4	0	-5 5	
Continue?	Yes	Yes	No	Revise	No	

Concept Scoring

			Concepts				
		Air	A Pressure	Water	B Pump Reference)	Water Pressu	D re (Gravity)
Selection Criteria	Weight	Rating	Weighted Score	Rating	Weighted Score	Rating	Weighted Score
Ease of use 20% 2	20% 15% 10% 15% 10%	3 2 3 2 2 2 2 3	.45 .4 .45 .2 .3 .2 .45	4 3 5 5 3 3 5	.6 .6 .75 .5 .45 .3 .75	2 2 3 3 3 3 3 2	.3 .4 .45 .3 .3 .3
			3.95		2.35		
	Continue?		No	1	Develop		No

Concept Testing

CONCEPT TEST SU	RVEY-Watering Plant	Device		
I am gathering information with me.	ation for a new watering d	evice and am hoping that y	you would be willing to	share your opinions
Do you own any plan	ts?			
<if answer="" is="" no,="" td="" the="" the<=""><td>hank the respondent and en</td><td>nd the survey.></td><td></td><td></td></if>	hank the respondent and en	nd the survey.>		
How many plants do	you have?			
How often do you wa	ter your plants?			
Once in a day	Twice in a day	Once in two days	Other	
Have you ever missed	watering?			
How much water do y	ou use?			
	mount of water every time	27		
	or the product. <show td="" the<=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></show>			
The WPD can water yo know that the water co	our plants as frequently as ontainer is empty. It has a	r plants as often as needed every 12 hours and rarely safety feature, that will turn rd outlet 115V AC. The W	as every 7 days. A light n off the watering in cast	t indicator will let you se of too much water
If the product were pri be to purchase the WP	ced at \$49.99 and were av D ?	ailable from your local ho	use improvement store,	how likely would you
				п
I would definitely	I would probably	I might or might	I would probably	I would definitely
not purchase the WPD	not purchase the WPD	not purchase the WPD	purchase the WPD	purchase the WPD
Would you be interesti	ing in testing a prototype of	of the product?		
	structions and give a short	A		
	10000 St. Co.	likely would you be to pu	archase the product with	nin next year?
I would definitely	I would probably	I might or might	I would probably	I would definitely
not purchase the WPD	not purchase the WPD	not purchase the WPD	purchase the WPD	purchase the WPD
How might this produc	t be improved?			
	tions to elicit feedback on	the concept.>		
20 (d)				



Differentiation Plan

Differentiating Attributes	Home	Office	Hothouse
Power supplied	AC	AC	AC
Power of the motor	2 W	10 W	2 KW
Container size	4in x 4in x 7in	10in x 10in x 20in	50in x 80in x 150in
Volume of the pump	.1 gallon per minute	.5 gallons per minute	10 gallons per minute
Diameter of the pipe	1/4 in.	1/2 in.	2 in.
Number of Plants	1 plant	3 plants	100 plants
Connectivity to computer	Parallel port	Parallel port	Parallel port
Operating system compatibility	Windows	Windows	Windows
Stile	"House"	"Office"	"Commercial"

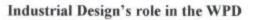


Differentiation and Commonality

Chunks	Number of types	House	Office	Hothouse
Motor	3	2 W	10 W	2 KW
Pump	2	.1 gallon per minute	.5 gallons per minute	10 gallons per minute
Container & Logic board Enclosure	3	Home style	Office style	Commercial style
Pipe	2	Vinyl	Vinyl	Vinyl & Metal
Logical board	2	Soldered	Soldered	Printed
Timer	1	555	555	555
Low water sensor	1	LED	LED	LED
Overflow sensor	1	AND Gate	AND Gate	AND Gate

Industrial Design for WPD

Needs	Level of Importance	Explanation of Ratings	
Ergonomics Ease of use	Low Medium Hig	Critical for a watering device since it aimed for very broad public. It should be easy to operate even by children and senior citizens. The product's function must be communicated through design.	
Ease of maintenance		It is very easy to access for maintenance and it does not require any special tools. Very little maintenance required.	
Quantity of user interactions	0	There are some important user interactions such as: setting the time and amount of water desired, adding the water.	
Safety	 0	There are some safety issues to be considered. It needs to monitor the water for overfill. It needs to use low voltage as a supply. It needs to be designed for safe and reliable operation.	
Aesthetics Product differentiation	0	There were some models that seem to have similar functions on the market when the WPD was introduced. Its computer interface was essential for differentiation.	
Pride of ownership, fashion, or image	0	The WPD was intended to be a highly enigmas product used by people, who can surprise their guests and friends, showing that water coming from out nowhere.	
Team motivation	-	The WPD's novel form turned out to be an important inspiration to the development team and selling point for senior management.	



Needs	Level of Importance	Explanation of Ratings
Quality of the User Interfaces	Low Medium High	In general, the WPD is easy to use. For example: the time for watering can be adjusted just by turning the knob, the duration of watering determines the quantity of water released into the soil, but the customer will have to deal only with the amount of water he/she requires for each plant.
Emotional Appeal		The WPD has a high emotional appeal which stems from its slim appearance, consuming very little space and less than average size.
Ability to Maintain and Repair the Product		The WPD rates high in this category. The lid is easy to open for adding water or for maintenance, if such is required.
Appropriate Use of Resources		The final design includes only those features that satisfy real customers needs. Materials were selected to satisfy manufacturing constrains, to withstand the continuous use, and to meet strict appearance criteria.
Product differentiation	0-1	The WPD's appearance is unique. It is the only watering system for home plants that can be controlled by the computer.

Bill of Materials

Component	Purchased Materials	Processing (Machine& Labor)	Assembly (Labor)	Total Unit Variable Cost	Tooling and Other NRE, KS	Tooling Lifetime, K units	Total Unit Fixed Cost	Total Cost
Motor	3		0.15	3.15				3.15
Pump	3		0.15	3.15				3.15
Pipe	0.5		0.35	0.85				0.85
Container	2		0.50	3.00	2000	1000+	0.20	3.20
Circuit box	1		0.20	1.20	2000	1000+	0.20	1.40
555 Timer	0.59		0.10	0.69				0.69
Resistor (13)	1.30		0.30	1.60				1.60
Transistor (9)	3.60		0.45	4.05				4.05
Capacitor (4)	2.20		0.15	2.35				2,35
Diode (5)	1.00		0.25	1.25				1.25
LED (3)	1.35		0.15	1.50				1.50
74393N (4)	2.24		0.20	2.44				2.44
AND Gate (4)	2.32		0.20	2.52				2.52
OR Gate	0.58		0.05	0.63			7	0.63
Knob (2)	0.50		0.10	0,60				0,60
Total Direct Costs Overhead Charges Total Cost	25.18 3.75		3.25 5.70	28,43	2000		0.20	28.63 9.85 38.48



Component	Purchased Materials	Processing (Machine& Labor)	Assembly (Labor)	Total Unit Variable Cost	Tooling and Other NRE, KS	Tooling Lifetime, K units	Total Unit Fixed Cost	Total Cost
Motor	2		0.15	2.15				2.15
Pump	2		0.15	2.15				2.15
Pipe	0.50		0.15	0.65				0.65
Container	1		0.50	1.50	1000	1000+	0.10	1.60
Circuit box	0.50		0.20	0.70	1000	1000+	0.10	0.80
555 Timer	0.59		0.10	0.69				0.69
Resistor (13)	0.65		0.30	0.95				0.95
Transistor (9)	1.80		0.45	2.25				2.25
Capacitor (4)	1.10		0.15	1.25				1.25
Diode (5)	0.50		0.25	0.75				0.75
LED (3)	0.70		0.15	0.85				0.85
74393N (4)	1.12		0,20	1.32				1.32
AND Gate (4)	1.16		0.20	1.36				1.36
OR Gate	0.28		0.05	0.33				0.33
Knob (2)	0.3		0.10	0.40				0.40
Total Direct	14.20		3.10	17.30	2000		0.20	17.50
Costs Overhead Charges Total Cost	2.15		4.80				0.30	7.25 24.75



Bill of Materials with Cost Estimate

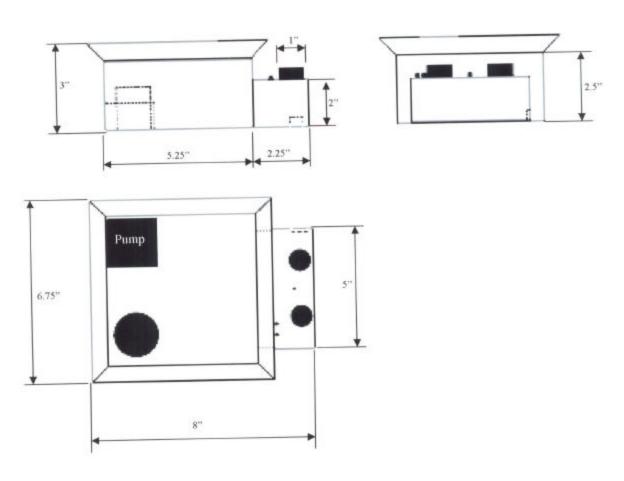
Component	Quantity	High (S each)	Low (Seach)	High Total (S each)	Low Total (Seach)		
Motor	1	3	2	3.00	2.00		
Pump	1	3	2	3,00	2.00		
Pipe	1	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50		
Container	1	2	1	2.00	1.00		
Circuit box	1	1	0,50	1.00	0.50		
555 Timer	1	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59		
Resistor	13	0.10	0.05	1.30	0.75		
Transistor	9	0.40	0.20	3.60	1,80		
Capacitor	4	0.55	0,30	2.20	1.20		
Diode	5	0.20	0.10	1.00	0.50		
LED	3	0.45	0.25	1.35	0.75		
74393N	4	0.56	0.28	2.24	1.12		
AND Gate	4	0.58	0.29	2.32	1.16		
OR Gate	1	0.58	0.29	0.58	0.29		
Knob	2	0.25	0.15	0.50	0.30		
Assembly at S20/hr.		30 min	20 min	10.00	6.67		
Overhead at 25% of direct cost				8.80	5.30		
Total Cost				44.00	26.41		



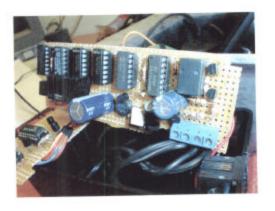
Net Present Value-Cash Flows

	Year 1				Year 2				Year 3				Year 4			
S values in housands)	Q 1	Q 2	Q 3	Q 4	Q 1	Q 2	Q 3	Q 4	Q 1	Q 2	Q 3	Q 4	Q 1	Q 2	Q 3	Q 4
Development Cost	-85	-85	-85													
Ramp-up Cost			-40	-40												
Marketing & Support Cost				-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15
Production Cost					-200	-200	-200	-200	-200	-200	-200	-200	-200	-200	-200	200
Production Volume					8000	8000	8000	8000	8000	8000	8000	8000	8000	8000		
Unit Production Cost					-0.025	-0.025	-0.025	-0.025	-0.025	-0.025	-0.025	-0.025	-0.025	-0.025	-0.025	-0.025
Sales Revenue					400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
Sales Volume	T				8000	8000			8000	8000	8000	8000		8000		8000
Unit Price					0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
Period Cash Flow	-85	-85	-125	-55		185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185
PV Year 1, r = 10%	-85	82.9	-119	-51	167.6	163.5	159.:	\$155.6	151.8	148	144.5	141	137.6	134.2	131	127.
Project NPV	1427.1															

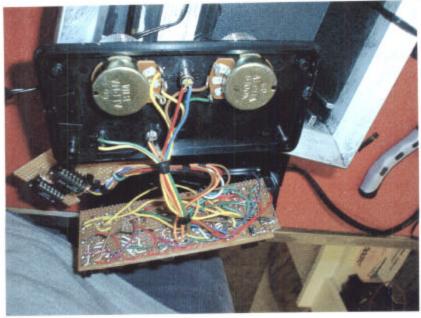
Final Design Drawings















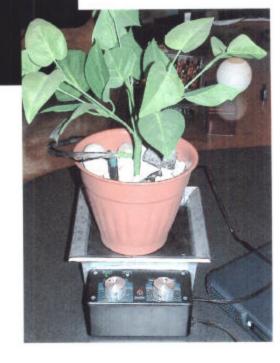
Automatic Plant Watering System

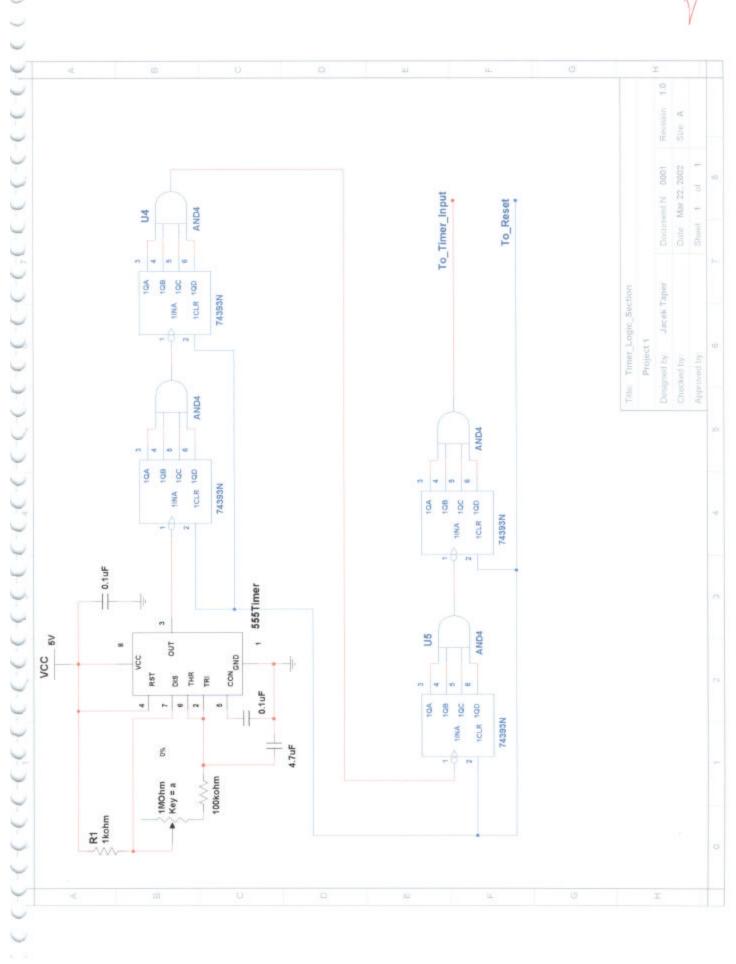
New York City Technical College

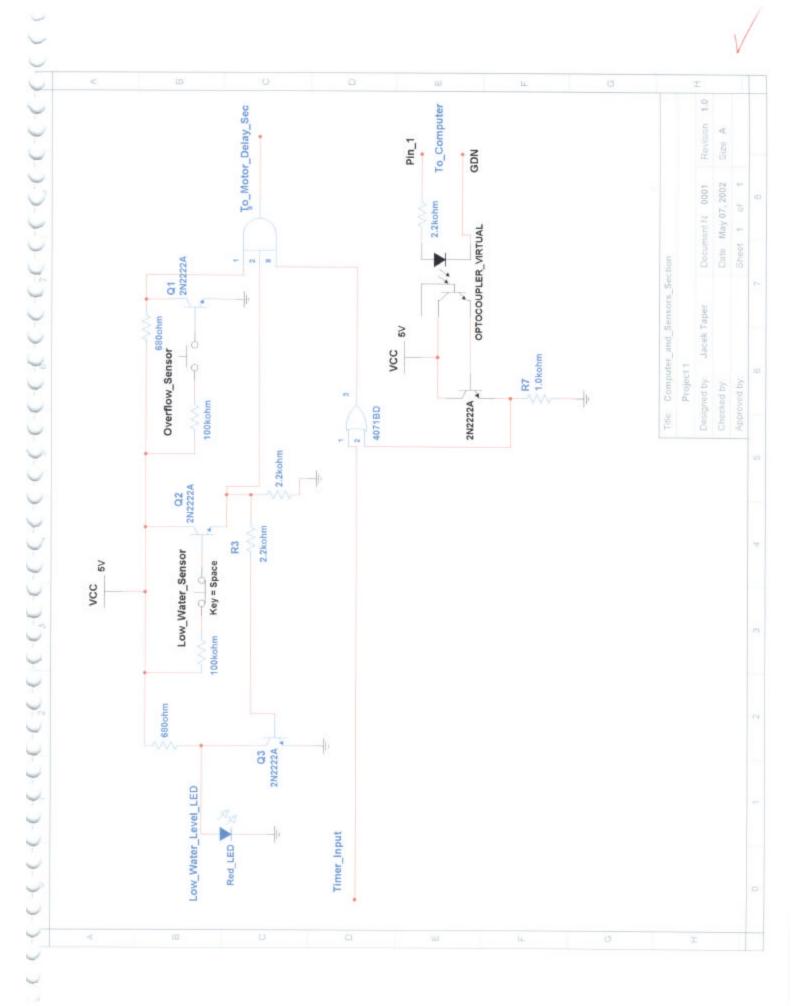
Written By:

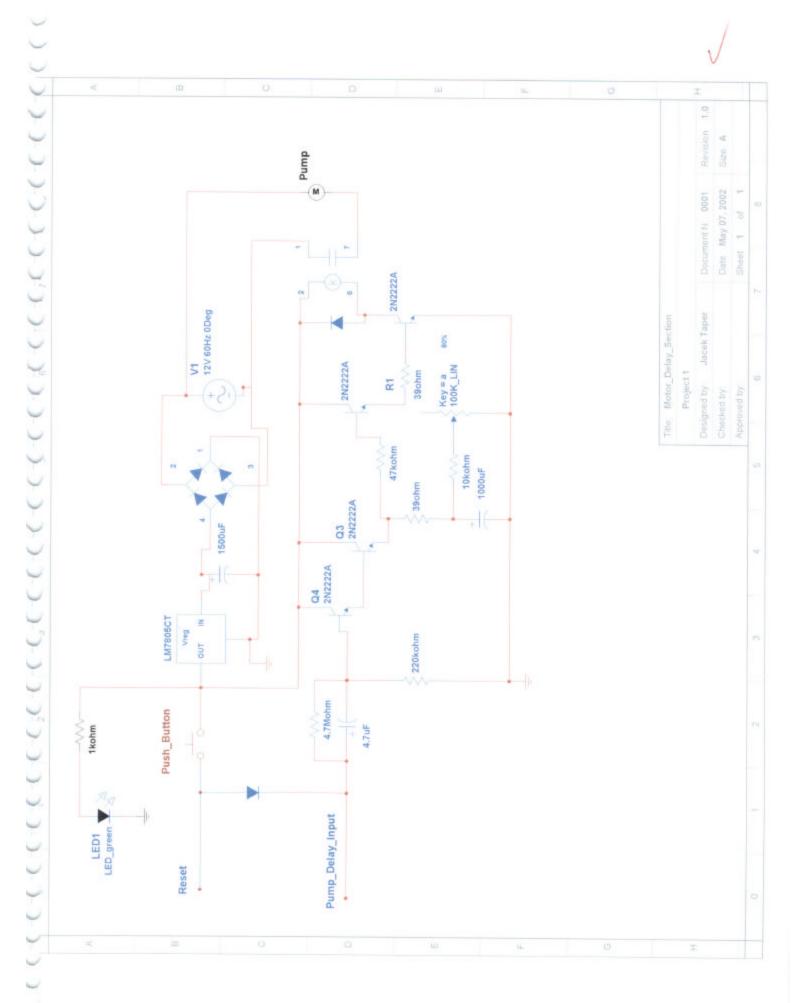
Jacek Taper and Sergey Stankewich

Would you like to water your plant (Y/N)?









```
//Automatic Plant Watering System
 -//Written by Jacek Taper
   #include<conio.h>
 #include<iostream.h>
 #include<dos.h>
   #include<stdio.h>
 w#include<time.h>
   #define port 0x378
void heading(void);
 __void wait ( int seconds )
     clock t endwait;
     endwait = clock () + seconds * CLK TCK ;
     while (clock() < endwait)()
-long int main()
int data;
char choice,c;
  long int d=0, h=0, m=0, s, index=1;
heading();
     do
         long int TimeLeft=0, frequency=0, temp=0, input=0, days=0, hours=0, minutes=0, sec=0;
         outportb (port, data);
         heading();
         gotoxy(1,15);
         printf("Would you like to water your plant (Y/N)? ");
         cin>>choice;
            if (choice != 'y' && choice != 'Y')
00000
               heading();
               gotoxy(1,15);
               textattr(16*0+3);
              cprintf("Thank you for using Automatic Plant Watering System! \n");
               wait(2);
              break;
        gotoxy(1,15);
-
        printf("How often would you like to water your plant? (day/hour/min/sec)");
        cin>>d>>h>>m>>s;
        frequency=(d*86400)+(h*3600)+(m*60)+(s);
        time t seconds;
        heading();
         (long int temp_sec=1, temp_min=60, temp hours=3600, temp days=86400;
        sec=frequency;
        seconds = time (NULL);
        temp=seconds+frequency;
           if (kbhit())
              break;
           while (temp>seconds)
1
           seconds = time (NULL);
           TimeLeft=temp-seconds;
              if (kbhit())
4
                  break;
              if (sec>60)
                 do
                 sec=sec-60;
```



```
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```

```
minutes++;
    ) while (sec>50);
 if (minutes>60)
 do
    minutes=minutes-60;
    hours++;
    } while (minutes>60);
if (hours>24)
    do
    hours=hours-24;
    days=days+1;
    } while (hours>24);
 if ((TimeLeft+temp sec) == frequency)
   sec--;
    temp sec=temp sec+1;
    if (sec==0)
       {sec=60;
if ((TimeLeft+temp_min) == frequency)
       {minutes=minutes--;
       temp min=temp min+60;
       if (minutes==0)
          (minutes=60;
if ((TimeLeft+temp hours) == frequency)
    { hours=hours--;
      temp hours=temp hours+3600;
      if (hours==0)
          hours=24;
if ((TimeLeft+temp_days)==frequency)
    days -- ;
    temp hours=temp hours+86400;
gotoxy(1,15);
printf("Time left is:
printf("d", days);
printf(" days and ");
printf("d", hours);
printf(":");
printf(""d", minutes);
printf(".");
printf("%d", sec);
printf(" ");
printf("
                                            ");
   if ( TimeLeft==0)
   gotoxy(1,15);
   printf("Your plant has just been watered!
                                                                 \n");
   gotoxy(1,17);
   data=1;
   outportb(port,data);
   wait(2);
   printf("It has been watered ");
   printf("%d",index);
   printf(" time(s).");
```

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```
index++;
                 wait(2);
        | while (1);
   } while (choice =='Y' || choice=='y');
  data=0;
outportb (port, data);
  return 0;
  void heading (void)
_clrscr();
  textattr(16*1+15);
gotoxy(20,2);
__cprintf("Automatic Plant Watering System");
_textcolor(15);
  gotoxy(19,3);

✓cprintf("=
textattr(16*5+14);
gotoxy(28,7);
  cprintf("Written By:");
__textattr(16*4+15);
  gotoxy(19,9);
cprintf(" Jacek Taper and Sergey Stankevich");
textattr(16*2+15);
gotoxy(19,5);
cprintf(" New York City Technical College ");
printf("\n");
textattr(16*0+15);
_gotoxy(1,1);
```